SNAC (Plan of) Attack:

How to Assemble and Utilize a Student Nutrition Advisory Council

- 1. Select an advisor with an interest in school nutrition and/or childhood eating habits. Candidates include health, PE, FACS, or math teachers; administrators and admin interns; health, guidance, and outreach professionals; parents and PTA members; and food service and cafeteria staff.
- 2. Coordinate focus group goals, timeline, and procedures with administration/educational body.
- 3. Select 5-15 students for the focus group. Students should be engaged, discrete, forthright, and diverse: different grades, interests, and peer groups. Make sure most of the students regularly eat in the cafeteria and at least half make food (meal or snack) purchases.
 - a. Ask other teachers for recommendations to broaden audience.
 - b. Designate a convenient time for the group to meet. Consider transportation issues.
 - c. Be indirect about the purpose of the group: introduce the group as a way to discuss nutrition, or consumption, or cafeteria design, or convenience... do not directly reference any treatments if that would affect results (Hawthorne effect).
 - d. Discretion is key! If the students view this as a way to "bash" the school or cafeteria, it will get back to the cafeteria staff, administration, and students, and much bad blood will be created, severely impeding improvement efforts.
- 4. Understand the system in place. Activities may include:
 - a. Brainstorming +/- of cafeteria (layout, atmosphere, service, food, etc.)
 - b. Mapping the cafeteria
 - c. Secret shopping
 - d. Surveys, etc.
- 5. Create opportunities for SNAC to give improvement suggestions. Stay positive and keep feedback specific. Activities may include:
 - a. Renaming foods
 - b. Lunch line redesign (use mapping activity, then improve). Suggest limitations: add signs, buy 2 items under \$25, make 3 changes to service routines, etc.
- 6. Create opportunities for SNAC to share improvement suggestions. Stay positive and keep feedback specific. Look for funding and partnership opportunities.
 - a. Food service staff
 - b. Administration
 - c. PTA
- 7. Involve multiple stakeholders in implementation of suggestions. Use in-house resources (teachers/classes, students, clubs/organizations, staff members, PTA, community members).
- 8. Evaluate the effectiveness of the interventions. Involve SNAC members in evaluation (recruitment, data collection, verbal feedback) but get wider feedback from other stakeholders.
- 9. Consider why successful interventions worked and remaining areas for improvement. Repeat steps 5-9 as needed. Customize program to school culture and stakeholders.
- 10. Celebrate successes. Thank all participants and SNAC members.